SFS – English LTP KS1 – Year B

	Fiction	Non-	fiction	Poetry
Autumn	Stories with familiar settings Essential books: Birdwatching Fantasy Texts The Owl who was afraid of the Dark. Year 1 Spelling: Words containing each of the 40+ phonemes already taught. The days of the week. Naming letters of the alphabet. Using letter names to distinguish between alternative spellin Word: Regular plural noun suffixes-s -es Sentence: How words can combine to make sentences. Punctuation: Leaving spaces between words. Text Sequencing sentences to form short narratives Speaking and listening: Listen and respond appropriately to adults and their pe Ask relevant questions to extend their understanding a knowledge	Information Texts Essential books: RSPB Information Labels, lists, signs & posters RSPB posters and leaflets. gs of the same sound.	Spelling: Segmenting spoken words into many correctly. Learning to spell common exceeded suffixes to spell longer word: Formation of nouns using suffixentes: Subordination (using when, if Punctuation: Use of capital letters, full stop sentences. Text The present and past tenses of Speaking and listening: Listen and respond appropring the sentences.	Songs and repetitive poems Essential books: Run Robin. A variety of repetitive poems and chants. Poems about birds Year 2 o phonemes and representing these graphemes, spelling

SFS – English LTP KS1 – Year B

	Fiction	Non-fiction		Poetry
Spring	Essential books: Rapunzel by Sarah Gibb Cinderella Stories involving fantasy Essential books: Famous Five castle Adventure Spelling: Common exception words Using the spelling rule for adding- s or —es as the plural marker for nouns and use the third person singular marker for verbs. Word: Suffixes that can be added to verbs where no change is needed in the spelling of root words (helping helped helper) Sentence: Joining words and joining clauses using 'and' Punctuation: Beginning to punctuate sentences using a capital letter and a full stop, question mark or exclamation mark Text: Sequencing sentences to form short narratives. Speaking and listening: Maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments.		Spelling: Learning new ways of spelling known, and learn some word: Distinguishing between homo Word: Formation of adjectives using Sentence: Expanded noun phrases to de Punctuation: Commas to separate items in Text The present and past tenses of Speaking and listening: Maintain attention and part on topic and initiating and Use spoken language to de	escribe and specify (for example the blue butterfly) a list. correctly and consistently including the progressive form. rticipate actively in collaborative conversations, staying responding to comments. velop understanding through speculating,
Spring	Suffixes that can be added to verbs where no change is needed in the spelling of root words (helping helped helper) Sentence: Joining words and joining clauses using 'and' Punctuation: Beginning to punctuate sentences using a capital letter and a full stop, question mark or exclamation mark Text: Sequencing sentences to form short narratives. Speaking and listening: Maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying		Formation of adjectives using suffixes such as —ful, -less. Sentence: Expanded noun phrases to describe and specify (for example the blue butterfly) Punctuation: Commas to separate items in a list. Text The present and past tenses correctly and consistently including the progressive form.	

SFS – English LTP KS1 – Year B

	Fiction	Non-fiction		Poetry
Summer	Traditional Tales from different cultures Scottish Tales Classic Contemporary fiction My Family and other animals- Gerald Durrell	Letters Essential books Katie Morag Information texts: Farm Animals		Poems on a theme: Farm Animals Essential books: Poems about Farms and crops Traditional poems: Various topical texts
	Year 1 Spelling: Use the prefix un Using –ing, -ed, -er and est where no change is needed in the spelling of root words (helping, helper, helped, quicker, quickest) Word: How the prefix un- changes the meaning of verbs and adjectives (negation, eg unkind, undoing, untie the boat) Sentence: Subordination (using when, if, that, or because) coordination (using or, and, or but) Punctuation: Using a capital letter for names of people, places, the days of the week, and the personal pronoun. Text The present and past tenses correctly and consistently including the progressive form. Speaking and listening: Give well-structured descriptions and explanations Consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others Gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s)		Spelling: Learning to spell more words with contracted forms. Learning the possessive apostrophe(singular) (for example, the girl's book) Word: Use of the suffixes –er, -est in adjectives and ly to turn adjectives into adverbs. Sentence: Expanded noun phrases to describe and specify (for example, the blue butterfly) Punctuation: Apostrophes to mark where the letters are missing in spelling. Text The present and past tenses correctly and consistently including the progressive form. Speaking and listening: Give well-structured descriptions and explanations Consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others Gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s)	